study of Tris(eniorop)					
	0 ppm	2,500 ppm	5,000 ppm	10,000 ppm	20,000 ppm
Male					
Thymus area (mm ²)	29.0 ± 1.6	$37.9\pm2.5^{\boldsymbol{**}}$	38.3 ± 2.2 **	$39.8\pm2.0^{\boldsymbol{**}}$	_c
Cortex area (mm ²)	20.3 ± 1.3	$27.0 \pm 1.8 \texttt{**}$	$28.3\pm1.6^{\boldsymbol{**}}$	$29.7 \pm 1.4 \texttt{**}$	_
Medulla area (mm ²)	8.7 ± 0.8	10.9 ± 0.9	10.0 ± 0.9	10.0 ± 0.8	_
Female					
Thymus area (mm ²)	22.7 ± 1.4	24.7 ± 2.6	29.4 ± 2.7	33.1 ± 2.4 **	25.6 ± 3.0
Cortex area (mm ²)	17.7 ± 1.0	17.4 ± 1.6	21.6 ± 2.1	$24.8 \pm 1.6 \texttt{*}$	18.5 ± 2.2
Medulla area (mm ²)	5.0 ± 0.5	7.3 ± 1.1	7.9 ± 0.8	$8.2\pm1.1\texttt{*}$	7.1 ± 1.1

Image Analysis of Thymus Size for Male and Female Rats in the Perinatal and Three-month Feed Study of Tris(chloropropyl) Phosphate^{a,b}

Statistical significance for an exposed group indicates a significant pairwise test compared to the vehicle control group. *Statistically significant at $p \le 0.05$; ** $p \le 0.01$. ^aData are presented as mean \pm standard error quantitated with Definiens Tissue Studio[®] software.

^bStatistical analysis performed by a one-sided Dunnett's test.

^cAll male rats in the 20,000 ppm group were euthanized moribund or found dead by study day 5.